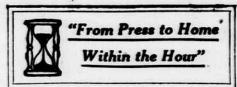
The Evening Star.



No. 20,247.

WASHINGTON, D. C., SATURDAY, MARCH 4, 1916-EIGHTEEN PAGES.

OF GERMAN FORCES HAVE COME TO HALT

Second Lull in Desperate Battle for Verdun on Douaumont Plateau.

REPULSE FOR FRENCH CLAIMED BY BERLIN

Violent Bombardment Continues From West of Meuse to Woevre Region.

ADVANCES ON ALLIED FLANKS

Teutonic Thrusts at Vital Points Expected-Present Conflict May Have Far-Reaching Effect on Neutrals.

LONDON, March 4.-After the desperate battling on the Verdun, there has come a second halt in the intense struggle. Paris today announces that there attacks by the crown prince's as follows troops, although his artillery is still keeping up a heavy bombard-

"The enemy was repulsed in an effort to retake Douaumont," the Berlin war office announced today, but this attack evidently refers to the fighting of yesterday, in which the French claim to . have occupied the highest part of the mound on the northern slope are urged to attend of which the village of Douaumont is situated. Paris also claims that in counter attacks by President Hamilton to the commitagainst the Germans the French company which March 1 presented a regained ground in the immediate proposed agreement between the new vicinity of Douaumont.

Bombardment Violent.

The bombardment continues very vio lent along the entire front from the west of the Meuse to the Woevre

The continuation of artillery activity

action on the important front northeast of the fortress where the French lines form a salient. The importance of the German activities in other sectors is not overlooked, however. There have been advances on both the French flanks, and indications are furnished of contemplated thrusts at vital points in the lines about the curving front, such as on the northwest line, where the dominating height of Le Mort Homme has been under the fire of German heavy guns for some days.

Satisfied With Situation.

Gen. Gallieni, French minister of war, has told the commission on military afficies of the chamber of deputies that he is satisfied with the situation at version. He gave details of the reserves of men and stocks of ammunition now available.

Wilitary writers say that it was in keeping with all the precedents that the Germans should attempt to reduce the salient of Douaumont plateau, for this key position must be taken before solid progress could be made elsewhere. The attack began after a long preliminary bombardment Wednesday. German columns started to deploy from Hardauamont wood, on the right, and at the same time a division advanced on the village of Vaux. The latter attack failed, with heavy losses to the Germans.

Bring Up Reserves.

Bring Up Reserves.

The French artillery fire was so flerce that evening that the Germans were unable to push attack on any of the Douaumont plateau. They profited of the night, however, to bring up masses of reserves, and the fighting began with renewed fury Thursday. During the morning and the afternoon three desperate on-slaughts were made by Pomeranian and Brandenburg regiments.

In the first and second attacks the constitution with great the second attacks the constitution of the second attacks the constitution with great with great with great with great second attacks.

In the first and second attacks the assailants, who fought with great bravery, reached the French barbed wire, but so fierce was the hail of bullets from the machine guns and rifles that the gray-coated legions melted away. The officers rallied them again and again until no more were left to rally. The third attack began about 3 c'clock in the afternoon. It was even more violent than those which have preceded. For more than an hour the Germans came on in serried ranks. Germans came on in serried ranks, hurling themselves, regardless of cost, against the ridges held by the French-men. At last the defenders' line waymen. At last the defenders line wav-ered at two points, but only momen-tarily, and the counter attack, driven home with the bayonet, drove the Ger-mans back to the shelter of the cham-brettes of the Hardaumont ravines.

Fourth Advance After Dusk.

The Germans then resumed the bombardment, plowing up the ground and pulverizing the rocks with hundreds of big shells. The fourth advance was made after dusk by fresh vance was made after dusk by fresh frussian brigades, who had replaced the troops engaged in the morning and afternoon attacks. After desperate fighting they managed to get a footing on the extreme edge of the plateau, whence they pushed forward into the houses on the north side of the village. The Germans now hold Douaumont village, but the French dominate them from commanding heights. As both sides there are fairly evenly matched, it is likely that the village will change hands more than once before the battle ends. The experts say that German possession of it is only temporary, and that the technical advantage remains with the French, whose lines continue unbroken.

Towns Are Huge Hospitals.

Advices received in Geneva tron Karlsruhe, Mannheim, Stuttgart and Coblenz are that those towns have been (Continued on Second Page.)

INFANTRY ATTACKS PLANS FOR MEETING RESIGNATION TALE WITH EMPLOYES

Discuss Grievances Alleged by Carmen.

EFFORT MADE TO ADJUST EXISTING DIFFERENCES

Officials of Neither Local Company Willing to Confer With Outside Parties.

The Capital Traction Company oday announced its first move to checkmate efforts to combine its printed in several cities that employes into the newly formed President Wilson is contemplatlocal branch of the Amalgamated ing resigning his office, owing to Association of Street and Electric the complications and worries of Railway Employes of America and, through this union, to demand better pay, shorter hours and better working conditions.

This move was to call meetings of its employes for 10:30 a.m. and 8 p.m. Monday, at which it is proposed to give Douaumont plateau in the re-full communication regarding condinewal of the German drive for tions created by the communications

President Hamilton's Statement. A statement issued last night by

has been a cessation of infantry George E. Hamilton, the president, is

as follows:

"Meetings of the employes of the Capital Traction Company will be held in the new assembly hall at the Georgetown car barn Monday, March 6, at 10:30 a.m. and 8 p.m. The two meetings are arranged to accommodate the men on the different runs.

"At these meetings the receipt of a communication presented by a committee claiming to represent the employes of the company will be considered and full communication made regarding the conditions thereby created, the company believing it to be to the interests of the men that they be fully informed before taking position.

Cards of admission, limited to employes, will be furnished by the department heads and division superingers.

tee of three employes of the traction union and both the Capital Traction Company and the Washington Railway and Electric Company, for considera-tion. It is addressed to Messrs. Luther P. Morris, Robert M. Melton and A. P.

When, on March 1, you presented the paper referred to, this company was ignorant of the existence of any assofrom you, no proof or evidence of your authority to represent its employes, and

WHAT IS THE MATTER WITH THE INCOME TAX?" by BURTON J. HENDRICK.

'THE RAMBLER" writes of the Ould, Olds and Beall families.

"WASHINGTON SCIENTIST MAKES REMARKABLE MOD. ELS OF PREHISTORIC MON. STERS."

"MILLION-DOLLAR FACES"two-page spread of photographs of attractive women.

"GREAT BRITAIN'S LATEST BLOW IN AFRICA, AND THE MAN WHO IS DEALING IT." "CATHER," a worth-while bit of

fiction, by PHILIP CURTISS. "OUR NAVY AND 'THE SEA PROBLEM."

"WHAT MILO NEEDED MOST." a Shorty McCabe story, by SEWELL FORD. "DODGING DEATH AS GERMAN

ZEPPELINS DROP THEIR BOMBS ON SLEEPING PARIS," by STERLING HEILIG.

Another installment of the mystery serial, "MISSING-ROBERTA HOYT!" by ADELE

"A NEW YORK WOMAN WHO IS FOSTER MOTHER TO THOUSANDS OF LITTLE WAIFS."

"OVER SIXTY MILLION ACRES OF FARM LAND IN ALASKA," by FRANK G. CARPENTER. PARIS PREDICTS STARTLING CHANGES IN SPRING STYLES."

A full page of Essays by HER-BERT KAUFMANN,

In The Sunday Star

A PLOT, IS HINTED

Capital Traction Company to Intimated at White House That It is a Part of Wide Conspiracy.

> PRESIDENT'S NERVE FIRM; NO NOTION OF QUITTING

> Thinks Country Understands Senate Vote and Regards Himself Now as Free Handed.

> It was intimated at the White House today that the story the international situation, is believed to be part of the organized propaganda that is openly charged in many directions.

There has been strong suspicion the White House for many days that a publicity propaganda, designed to embarrass and cripple the President at every possible stage of his troubles with Germany, exists; is well fortified financially and otherwise, and will b manifest at every step taken by the

Secretary Tumulty's View. President Wilson himself said noth-

ng today on the subject, but Secretary

Health and Nerves Good.

President Wilson's intimate friend said today that anybody who circumade; had not the slightest conception of his moral fiber and tenacity of pur

praised his Americanism and courage and set him in the same class with Washington, Jackson and Lincoln. The senders urged him now that he has a free hand, to pursue the course he has

Thinks Country Understands.

The White House was also gratified today by the belief that the country has not misunderstood the meaning of the Senate vote. Outside of Washington the impression, from the telegrams. seems to have been unanimous that the Senate, despite the complications injected at the last minute by Senator Gore, meant to give the President a free hand in his international work and iid so. The country has evidently telegrams represent public senti

whatever the country believes, how tion that Germany will not sink, with-out warning, defensively armed pas-senger or merchant vessels, with Americans on board, unless she wants invite a break with the United

Regards Hands as Free.

The President told the country that he stood for compliance with international rules, and that the administra tion would back its position on that question by force, if necessary. He asked Congress to decide whether he gress has given him a free hand and he s going to accept the responsibilities noosed upon him.

The President today feels that if Germany has not fully caught the spirit of the warning that is conveyed in the whole transaction, then she does in the whole transaction, then she does not want to get it; that she is bent on submarining in all directions without care or concern for the interests of Americans or of humanity generally. He awaits Germany's next move and then it will be his.

TO ENFORCE SEAMAN'S LAW. Preparations Made for Its Applica-

tion to Foreign Vessels. NEW YORK, March 4.-Preparation: have been made here to put into effect today the La Follette seaman's law as applied to foreign vessels. It has been operative since November 4, as affecting American ships. Government agents

New Customs Tariff Law in Turkey. AMSTERDAM, via London, March 4,-AMSTERDAM, via London, March 4.—
A Constantinople dispatch states that the Turkish chamber of deputies has adopted a new general customs tariff operative for a period of three years. The committee which framed that the war will be over utariff will be necessary to conform to the changed economic conditions of the changed economic conditions of the country.

AMSTERDAM, via London, March 4.—
A superially constructed packages.

Francis V. Keesling, chairman of the California delegation to the St. Toledo of the administration adherents.

Francis V. Keesling, chairman of the California delegation to the St. the California delegation to the St. Toledo of the republican state central committee, who issued the call for today's convention, said that all hope of compromise with the "rew," or as they term themselved the name of Mrs. ram Bellows, twenty-two, wife of a furniture merchant, was killed for that of one of the male substituted for that of one of the male with the "rew," or as they term themselved the name of Mrs. ram Bellows, twenty-two, wife of a furniture merchant, was killed to result for the foreign affairs conditates nominated the name of Mrs. ram Bellows, twenty-two, wife of a furniture merchant, was killed for that of one of the male with the "California delegation to the St. Toledon of the California delegation to the



MARCH FOUR.

VESSELS IN GALE SIGNAL FOR HELP

Driving Snowstorm on Atlantic Coast Believed to Have Damaged Shipping.

CLYDE STEAMER APACHE REPORTED IN DISTRESS

Laden Barge in Tow of Tug Off Cape Henry Disappears Dur-

ing Night.

NORFOLK, Va., March 4 .- The fiftysix-mile gale off the capes, accompanied by a driving snowstorm, caused considerable damage to the shipping, it is feared, as reports of vessels in disress have been received

A tug with two loaded barges in tow anchored off Cape Henry last night during the storm, it is reported by the weather bureau station at that point, This morning only one barge was seen and she was flying the distress signal. A report from Virginia Beach stated that some vessel was sending distress signals off the shore there during the night, and it is thought probable that this may have been one of the barges, which drifted to that location with the

was to be allowed to continue along but the Merritt & Chapman wrecking safety. those lines. He understands that Con- steamer Rescue has been sent to her with instructions to tow her to New A two-masted schooner was said to

have grounded during the night in Lynn Haven roads, but her name could not be ascertained. not be ascertained.

The tug John G. Chandler, with the barges Upton and Rockland-Rockport No. 7, anchored off Cape Henry last night after putting back from the sea. The tug left here Thursday with the two barges laden with coal for New Rockand ports.

England ports.

The Cape Henry weather bureau reported that United States coast guard cutter Onondaga was lying by the only barge there at that time, making ready to tow her to Norfolk.

HIDDEN AMMUNITION FOUND. Discovered Near German's Residence

in Shanghai-Meant for India? SHANGHAL March 4.-The police have discovered five cases of artillery

are expected to refuse clearance pa- ammunition at the bottom of a well in pers to any foreign ships failing to the garden attached to the residence pers to any foreign ships failing to comply with the requirements of the act. These specify the personnel of the crew, rights of individual seamen and safety appliances.

Notification has been so ample that representatives of the Department of Commerce look for no violations. Foreign vessels, however, will be inspected to see that the law is obeyed.

A dispatch from Shanghai in last October said that three Chinese had to see that the law is obeyed.

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South American Business

Business men of the United States have been looking more and more toward South America as a market for their goods and

On page 5 of today's Star will be found advertisements of live, wideawake. South American firms who are trying to interest you in their country and its opportunities.

Your opportunity may be here.

IN COAL BARGE WRECKS IN EXPLOSION NEAR FORT

Two Light Craft in Tow to Boston Break From Tug and Hit Ledges.

SCITUATE, Mass., March 4.-Two light coal barges, the Ashland and Kohinoor, which broke adrift from the Steamer Asks for Help.

The Clyde steamer Apache, presumably from Jacksonville for New York, has asked for assistance while lying aboard the Ashland were washed sitting. Swatara, in tow for Philadelphia, were wrecked last night on Minots light ledges. Five men, the crew of the Kohinoor, were lost, while five men aboard the Ashland were washed sitting. Fire followed, and there were further explosions, although of less severity, on account of the flames. The explosion was caused by the accidental dropping of a case of grenades by soldiers of the reserve. about fifty miles off Cape Henry. Noth- ashore on the deckhouse early today

ed up an exhausted man from the Kohinoor, who died before the surfboat landed. The bodies of Capt. Ira American Consul in Rome Expires Montgomery of Philadelphia and other members of the Kohinoor's crew had not been recovered this forenoon.

Tug Encounters Gale. The tug encountered a gale soon after

leaving Boston harbor. The towing hawser parted, and the barges fetched up on the ledges, the Kohinoor going shortly before the breakfast hour toto pieces almost immediately. Capt. Estrand of the Ashland said the disease.

Swatara with her remaining barge, the Kimberton, probably kept on to Provincetown. The barges were owned by the Philadelphia and Reading Trans portation Company. OLD-LINE REPUBLICANS MEET.

Convention in California to Select

pistols and 20,000 cartridges, and that it was testified that a German had delivered them to the Chinese with instructions to ship to India hidden in specially constructed packages.

THIRTY PERSONS KILLED

PARIS. March 4, 1:54 p.m.-Thirty persons were killed and 150 were badly o in the explosion near St. Denis, n the suburbs of Paris, this morning. The explosion occurred near the fort to table had been had. Senators discussed the matter until far into the afternoon.

Senator Fall, a republican, said: called "Double Couronne," at Courneuve. Part of the ramparts east of the fort were blown up.

A quantity of explosives, including hand grenades, was stored in this po-

ing further is known as to her trouble, but the Merritt & Chapman wrecking safety. Steamer Rescue has been sent to her The North Scituate coast guard pick-

While Seated in His

ROME, March 4, via Paris, 1:10 p.m. William F. Kelley, the American onsul here, was found dead in a chair day. Death was probably due to heart

Consul Kelley was fifty-one years old. He was clerk for Secretary of State Bryan in October, 1913, and later was promoted to the office of assistant solicitor of the State Department. He has been consul at Rome since June, 1915. His wife is now visiting in Mashington.

Mr. Kelley was born in Fremont, Ohio, December 2, 1864. He was educated at Hillsdale College. He was appointed to federal office from Lincoln, Neb., where he practiced law for twenty-two years.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 4.—The democratic committee that selected at meeting early this week nominees for

VARIANCE IN VIEW OF SENATE ACTION

Supporters of Original "Warning" Resolution Say Issue Is Left in Air.

ADMINISTRATION LEADERS SATISFIED WITH RESULT

Point to Wording of James' Motion to Support Claim of Clean-Cut Victory. While supporters of the original

fore resolution to warn Americans of armed merchant vessels of belligeren powers continued to insist today that the vote taken in the Senate on tabling amended Gore resolution has lef the issue in the air, supporters of the President on both sides of the chamber declared that the Senate's action could not be confused because of technica parliamentary entanglements.

The opponents of the Gore warning resolution said that the weakness o the support of that resolution was man ifested clearly by the very act of Senator Gore in amending his resolution at the last moment so as to change its meaning. They asserted that the Ser ate would have overwhelmingly voted to table the warning resolution as orig-inally drafted had Senator Gore per-

Point to Record of the Vote.

To claims of a mixed victory in the senate vesterday and to contentions of the anti-administration forces that the Senate evaded voting on tabling the lore resolution itself, through a com Gore resolution itself, through a complexed parliamentary situation, the administration leaders today pointed to the official Congressional Record of the Senate proceedings.

"I move that the resolution, and all substitutes for it, and amendments to it, be laid upon the table, and upon that motion I demand the years and

the question of warning Americans off armed ships.

The leaders pointed to the Record today to bear evidence that their victory was clean-cut and complete.

They pointed out that while tabling the amended resolution, declaring that the sinking of an armed merchant vessel of an enemy power with American citizens aboard by a German submarine would be cause for war, the Senate also had laid on the table the McCumber substitute, which clearly contained a warning to American citizens not to travel on armed merchantmen while the issue between this government and Germany was still unsettled.

View of President's Supporters.

Senator James of Kentucky, Senato mmons of North Carolina and other Simmons of North Carolina and other administration supporters said, therefore, there would be no further action by the Senate in the matter unless a warning resolution should be introduced and called up again, and that if such a resolution did come before the such a resolution did come before the Senate it would be again voted down overwhelmingly. Senator McCumber of North Dakots reintroduced his reso-lution yesterday afternoon as an orig-inal resolution, and it is possible that in the future he may demand a vote on it.

on it.

The Senate took a recess, however, last evening, and the business before it today when it assembled was the Shields dam site bill. Under the rules of the Senate, unless this bill is displaced by a vote or laid aside by unanimous consent nothing else can come before the Senate today.

Attempt to Gag Alleged.

Criticism was heaped upon the Presi-

dent's supporters in the Senate because they had attempted to "gag" the Senate by a motion to table the Gore resolution. Senator Borah of Idaho, Senator Cummins of Iowa and Senator Norris of Nebraska were outspoken in their denunciation of the tactics of the administration supporters. As a matter of fact, the tactics employed did not succeed in shutting off debate after the vote on the motion to table had been had. Senators dis-

Senator Fall, a republican, said:
"By your action today you have sent to the kaiser, if you have done anything, notice that the Senate of the United States will look upon his sinking of armed merchant ships and the death of an American citizen probably with some degree of regret, but that no action would be taken against him."

Senator Kern Defends Action.

On the other hand, Senator Kern, the circulated. Majority Leader Kitchin majority leader, upheld the action, assistant a move had been discussed, serting that it would proclaim to all to the President. nations that the President, in exercising his constitutional powers in the conduct of negotiations, spoke "not for himself, not for his party, but for all the people of his country, who are prepared to back him with their lives in an insistence on American rights."

Senator Norris of Nebraska accused the senators who had spoken during the day of explaining their votes in an effort to satisfy their constituents, after voting to satisfy the President, whom he termed "the head of the ple counter." nations that the President, in exercis-

whom he termed "the head of the pie counter."

"If a few more confessions are made here the President will have a real expression of the sentiment of the Senate." he said. "If you count the confessions, you will find the senators believe in warning citizens from armed ships; if you count their votes, you will find they support the President."

Senator Norris added that "friends of the Gore resolution are the hopes for the Gore resolution are the hopes for peace for the nation, and the only danger of war comes from the policy of the President in opposing a warning

Says Few Understood Resolution. Senator Cummins declared that few n the Senate knew the meaning of the Gore resolution or the way it had been

amended when they voted.
"It was the most indefensible interference with the right of debate and
opportunity for intelligent consideration I have ever seen," he said. "The are two ways of snutting on discus-sion, one a motion to table as witnessed this morning, and one for the senators o absent themselves

VOTE IN THE HOUSE ON SHIP WARNING **AGAIN IS DELAYED**

ONE CENT.

the McLemore Resolution Before Tuesday.

Leaders Agree Not to Act on

FIGHT ON RULE IS FEARED BY ADMINISTRATION MEN-

Its Defeat Would Leave the President Without Any Expression From the House.

DEBATE RENEWED IN SENATE

Conviction Expressed That Vot

Must Be Taken Directly on

Merits of Warning Proposal. The House today refused to ake an immediate vote on the proposal to table the McLemore

resolution warning American citizens off armed belligerent merchant ships. No vote will be taken before Tuesday. After a morning full of changes of decision on the part of leaders, it is now impossible for the President to get a vote on the proposition on which he insisted in his recent letter to Representative Pou until Tuesday afternoon at the earliest. The confusion of the past week was outdone a

score of times by the utter chaos

of the early hours around the

Capitol today, until Leader

Kitchin told members that they ould leave the city this afternoon and not fear that a vote would e taken until they returned early

ext week

Press for Immediate Action. Representative Kitchin and members lution before the House and then vote tion which came from the administra-

possible. After this decision not to bring in a rule today there was a rush of administration men to demand immediate action. A hasty conference was held in the Speaker's office, and the only ray of light arising therefrom was that a desperate effort is being made to bring in a rule that will permit a vote on the merits of the McLemore resolution, and to find something that will gain for the administration the greatest

tion side to limit debate as much as

No Vote Until Tuesday. The conference held in Speaker Clark's office adjourned with no formal action except a decision to hold a rules committee meeting at 2 o'clock today. A so-called gentleman's agreement was made not to have a vote before Tuesday.

Sneaker Clark was opposed to a vote Monday, as it would interfere with the unanimous consent calendar. Reports of a special rule to give the House an opportunity to vote on the straight warning issue instead of tabling the McLemore resolution were

to the President.

Majority Leader Kitchin, soon after noon, began notifying members that they would not be needed to vote until next Tuesday at the earliest.

Dissatisfied With Report.

Coupled with the move of the House foreign affairs committee yesterday is a report which is said to be not entirey to the liking of all the administraion men in the House. The report was the subject of animated conferences to-

It was learned late in the day that the administration leaders fear a heavy vote against the adoption of the special rule, and that one of the big state delegations will cast almost its entire strength against such a rule. If the rule is defeated, it would simply take out of the House any chance to vote on the McLemore resolution, and would mean that the House refuses to give the President any expression on the matter in any way at all. As the day progressed this possibility was dis-cussed more and more.

President Not Consulted. The decision of House leaders today

to postpone a vote until Tuesday was eached without consultation with the President and confused the situation, It was said the White House was opnosed to postponing action. There also was some objection from